THE NEGRO FARMER
AND MESSENGER

VOL. 3, NO. 9
MAY 6, 1916

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THE NEGRO FARMEER AND MESSENGER

Published Bi-Weekly in the Interest of the Home, Farm and Garden; especially devoted to the Interest of Negro Land Owners and Tenant Farmers and Those Who Employ Negro Labor. The Only Negro Farm Newspaper in the World to be Circulated Among 2,000,000 Black Farmers.

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PUBLISHED EVERY OTHER WEEK.

ISAAC FISHER....Editor and Business Mgr.

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SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1916

MEMBER NATIONAL NEGRO PRESS ASSOCIATION

The Editor's Page

LESSONS FROM THE BUILDING OF "ROSENWALD SCHOOLHOUSES"

Colored people can do things worth while. This has been proven in a number of directions. It has been especially proven in connection with the building of "Rosenwald Schoolhouses." These are called "Rosenwald Schools," not because Mr. Julius Rosenwald owns them, but because it has been through his generosity that a part of the money for the building of each one of these schools has been provided. The schools are regular public schools of communities which have taken advantage of Mr. Rosenwald's offer and have raised additional money to supplement that which he gives to help build model country schoolhouses. Some valuable lessons have been brought home to those who have helped build the schools.

Lesson 1. — Broad-gauged Men Make Best Community Leaders

The first lesson is that men and women who are wide in their sympathies—who are not narrow in their vision—make the best leaders. The fact that a stranger can go into a community, as our extension workers do, and can bring people together who have refused to co-operate because some who have tried to lead them have been narrow, makes the lesson clear. Our agents know that they must be sympathetic with the various denominations where they try to build a new schoolhouse; and, so, they try to bridge over the denominational disputes of a given community, and generally succeed. The same results could be obtained by almost any broad-gauged colored persons within the community; but, unfortunately, this strong man is a Methodist and all Baptists are "tight-headed;" or he is a Baptist and the Methodists "haven't got any religion;" and, of course, while the denominations fight, they will not have much time for God's work of education and schoolhouse building.

Lesson 2.—If the Community is "Backward," Find the Preachers and the Teachers, Past, Present, or Both

The Rosenwald agents find it easiest to build rural schoolhouses in those communities where there are broad-gauged and wide-awake preachers and teachers. This does not admit of argument—we have tried it out in the building of "Rosenwald Schoolhouses." It has seldom happened that the people could not raise their share of the money to build a new schoolhouse where the preachers were inclined to support the movement and where the teacher had hold of the community through their children; and wherever the movement was hard to get started it was generally found that either the preacher or the teacher was standing between the movement and his congregation; or that the teacher was a "time-server" —just standing in a good teacher's way.

When the right kind of preacher and teacher get hold of a community, it is not going to remain "backward" very long; and when you hear a community spoken of as being backward—find the preachers and teachers, and you won't be far from the cause; for the prophet Hosea remarked: "like people, like priest."

Lesson 3. — Teachers Doing Extension Work Have Greatest Influence in Communities

As a third lesson, it has been learned that wherever there is a public school teacher in a rural community who does extension work, i. e., who goes among the people and helps teach them better methods of living, of gardening, of farming, of homemaking and housekeeping, etc., in addition to the class room work for the children, such a teacher has greater influence with the community than one who does no extension work.

This influence is shown when it is attempted to rally the people in the effort to build a new schoolhouse. The extension teacher is able every time, to lead the people faster than the other kind.

Lesson 4. — It Pays to Invite the People to Work Together

In almost every case the communities that have raised money to build "Rosenwald Schools" are proud of their buildings and are more willing to co-operate than ever before; and there is a feeling of pride that they have been able to do a worth while thing.

Persons interested in "leadership" might do worse than ponder over the facts stated above.

—ISAAC FISHER.

Find your place and then fill it—fill it so that there is no space for additional efforts.

DEDICATION OF FIRST NEGRO VETERINARY HOSPITAL

The first veterinary hospital to be established as a part of the course of study of any Negro school was dedicated at Tuskegee Institute on April 29th with fitting ceremonies.

The building cost $5,000, was the gift of a friend, and was built by students of the school. Prominent white and colored citizens of Macon County; Dr. C. A. Cary, Veterinarian at Auburn Institute; Dr. J. A. Kiernan, of the Bureau of Animal Industry, representing the United States Department of Agriculture; and students and teachers of the Tuskegee Institute were present at the dedicatory exercises.

Program

The program began with introductory remarks by Acting Principal Warren Logan, who spoke of the especial value of the services which are being rendered by Dr. J. H. Bias, the Institute Veterinarian; and he emphasized the fact that Dr. Bias' services are in constant demand by both races in this section, because he is thoroughly prepared for his work, being a graduate of the Veterinary College of the Ohio State University. The program, in detail, was as follows:

Music, Institute Band; Plantation Melody, Audience; Prayer, Isaac Fisher, Editor The Negro Farmer and Messenger; Remarks, Acting Principal Warren Logan; "How we care for the school's stock," Chester Flake (student); "How the Veterinary Division is co-operating in caring for the sick stock of the county," Dr. J. H. Bias, Mr. Chas. Davis; "How the live stock in the South can be improved by giving the colored boy Veterinary Science," Mr. Geo. R. Bridgeforth, Director of the Department of Agriculture, Tuskegee Institute; Music, Band; Address, Dr. C. A. Cary; Address, Dr. J. A. Kiernan, U. S. Department of Agriculture; Music, Band; Benediction.

Veterinary Work of Tuskegee Institute

Dr. Bias outlined the work which the Veterinary Division of the school does; and showed that in directly helping to care for the sick stock of the immediate county, by answering inquiries by mail concerning sick animals, lecturing to live-stock meetings at various points and to the Institute Farmers' Short Course in Agriculture, the Division is encouraging the growth and preservation of live-stock in the State of Alabama.

Mr. Charles Davis, colored, introduced as having "the finest looking animals that come to the school out of the country," bore testimony to the help which he had received from the Veterinarian at Tuskegee.

Significance of the Dedication

Director Bridgeforth defined the significance of the dedication of the Hospital as follows:

"The dedication of this building is all the more important when we consider that it is the first one to be set aside in connection with any Negro institution as a part of its system of education. It is significant in that it puts a most sacred obligation upon all students who are at Tuskegee and who may come here in the future, to have at least a higher regard for the needs and the health of creatures upon which so much of our civilization depends. This building means that we are obligating ourselves to be more humane to all animals, that we are to fight cruelty to animals. This signifies our support and aid in carrying out State sanitary laws. This occasion should mean that every student at Tuskegee and those that will come must carry to the needy of our people throughout the State of Alabama and the South, that spirit of kindness, that devotion to the live-stock's interest, as has been demonstrated by our people in the States of Kentucky and Tennessee. We must demonstrate to the entire South that we can care for live-stock as well as raise cotton. We must teach by example everywhere we go, that our people can and will apply themselves to the most worthy task of becoming good stockmen. We must teach from this date as never before that the stick or whip has no place in a system of live-stock. As the new conditions arise we must come up to every requirement. Yon cotton fields are being turned into cattle ranches, hog ranches, sheep and goat ranches, as well as to pastures for mule and horse raising. Our people everywhere must awake to these new conditions."

Trained Veterinarians versus "Horse Doctors"

Dr. Cary emphasized the opportunities for stock raising in Alabama; and pointed out to the students in detail the possibilities open to them in the profession of Veterinary science. Dr. Cary was listened to with marked attention because of his long-time friendship for Tuskegee Institute and because he laid the foundation, through his counsel and advice, for the present Veterinary Division at the school.

Dr. Kiernan's address went to the heart of agricultural problems in the South; but, in particular, he magnified the growing importance of agriculture and of veterinary science. Among other things, he said:

"The country needs highly trained scientific veterinarians, not hand-made empirics or half trained weaklings. Our veterinary courses today compare favorably with the medical and dental courses. The requirements of the United States Service have done very much to raise the standard of the colleges. The regent requirements of the various States compel the prospective student of veterinary medicine to equip himself with a fundamental education equivalent to a high school course.

"The successful veterinarian of today must be a leading citizen of his community. He must command the respect of the residents of the district because of his worth and value as a man and a neighbor as much as his skill as a practitioner. Never in the history of our country was there a greater opportunity to make good in every line of endeavor as right now, and there is no industry that offers as much opportunity to do constructive work, as agriculture. It is in its very infancy in this country."

Taken all in all, the beginning of the study of veterinary science by colored students in the South augurs well for the future of agricultural practice in this section; and the Institute is to be congratulated for the auspicious beginning made in this direction.

DRAG ROADS NOW!

The road drag should be used as early and as often as conditions are right for it. As the frost goes out of the ground, ruts form which should be kept so full they have no chance to get deep. A well worked road will shed the spring rains so well and save so much work later that early dragging pays better than the old "stitch in time." It saves much of the discomfort of traveling over muddy roads too.—M. A. R. Kelley, Missouri College of Agriculture.

TEN RULES OF SUCCESS ON THE DAIRY FARM

Hoard's Dairyman gives the following ten rules of success on the dairy farm:

1. Keep healthy cows.
2. Select and keep the good producers.
3. Use only pure-bred bulls.
4. Feed liberally.
5. Produce the feed.
6. Use the manure.
7. Keep the barn clean and well ventilated.
8. Keep the cows comfortable.
9. Be considerate to the cows.
10. Provide shade and wind protection, salt, and clean water.

NEGRO PLANTER SELLS HIS FARM FOR $25,000

Port Gibson, Miss., April 20.—Evans Johnson, a planter, last Tuesday sold 1,150 acres of land at $18 an acre to Jude Headley of Chicago, Illinois. With the land he sold cattle, horses and implements aggregating about $25,000. Johnson, however, retained 250 acres, his original home and a few cattle and horses, for small farm. The tract is five miles north of Port Gibson, and is known as the Fairview plantation. About twenty years ago Johnson bought the tract from Bernheimer and sons, on credit. At that time he owned only the 250 acres he now retains, and there was a mortgage on it. There was no mortgage on the property he sold Tuesday. — Natchez (Miss.) Weekly Reporter.

PLANNING PIGGY'S PASTURE

Experiments in hog feeding have shown clearly that pork costs only one-third to one-half as much when pastures are used as when concentrated feeds alone are used, and that by means of pasture crops pork can be made more cheaply in the South than it is possible to make it in the corn belt. The importance of green feed is thus easy to see. This is the season for farmers to plan a succession of hog grazing crops. Plant one ahead of time and there will be no need to hesitate at any season. The Animal Husbandry Division of Clemson College, South Carolina, will answer any question on this subject that farmers ask.

Following is a table of summer and fall growing hog crops. The crop is given first; the time to plant second; quantity of seed per acre third; and number of days from planting to grazing time fourth.

Alfalfa, February 25 to April 1, 15 to 25 pounds, 75 to 90 days.

Chufas, April 15 to June 1, one-half to one peck, 120 to 150 days.

Cowpeas, May 1 to July 10, one-half bushel (drilled), one and one-half bushels (broadcast), 75 to 90 days.

Soy beans, May 1 to June 30, one-half bushel (drilled), one and one-half bushels (broadcast), 80 to 120 days.

Japan clover (lespedeza), March 1 to March 15, 24 pounds, 60 to 75 days.

Oats, February 1 to March 20, one and one-half to 3 bushels, 75 to 90 days.

Peanuts, May 1 to July 1, 1 to 2 bushels (not hulled), 90 to 120 days.

Rape, March 1 to March 31, 4 to 6 pounds (drilled), 9 to 10 pounds (broadcast), 60 to 75 days.

Sorghum, May 1 to July 1, one-half to one peck (drilled), 60 to 75 days.

Velvet beans, May 10 to June 30, one and one-half pecks (in drill), 100 to 130.

Corn and peas, May to June, corn 4 quarts, peas one-half bushel (drill), 100 to 120 days.—The Farming Business.

TWO MEEK MEN — TWO COLORED COUNTRY SCHOOL TRUSTEES

When you feel all run down in mind and need a tonic to build up your belief that there is still left some of "the salt of the earth," go out to one of the "Rosenwald Schools" that is being built or dedicated and watch and listen to some of the colored men and women who are trying to work with the teacher. or by themselves to get the building paid for or furnished as it should be. You may find a large crowd present, but there will be just a few whose hearts have yearned for better schools for their communities, whose hands have been busy at work, whose feet have been swift to run, and whose money and materials have been freely given to advance the cause of education.

Pinkston Crossroads

I was present at the dedication of a little "Rosenwald School" at Pinkston Crossroads, Alabama, a few weeks ago and heard two meek colored men take a talking part in the dedicatory exercises. Their tongues tripped and stammered; they were ill at ease; their language was that of the unlettered, but they were soberly in earnest and that made their words eloquent and valuable; and I wrote Mr. Provo, President and Mr. Nickerson, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, down as some of the "salt of the earth" at Pinkston Crossroads.

A Meek Teacher

The teacher is nothing but a mere slip of a girl—Miss Charity Harrison; but the people like her and the two men I have mentioned follow her meekly just as she leads in simplicity and meekness. A simple program, prepared by a teacher of simplicity, participated in by simple men among simple, unaffected people, made me feel that simplicity has not departed from the earth.

The little teacher makes a rather ideal presiding officer and I was pleased to note that the people of the community seem proud that she knew what to do with their children before strangers.

More Teachers to Help "Meek Men"

We must continue to send into these rural places more teachers like Miss Harrison who can and will take the men and women who are "meek and lowly in heart" and use them to help rebuild or build at first hand the entire countryside.

"Blessed are the meek for they shall inherit the earth."—The Editor.

MACON COUNTY FARMERS HELP COUNTY AGENT

The Macon County Agricultural Extension Service Workers wish to express their appreciation of the generous manner in which the white and colored citizens of the county contributed towards buying an automobile for Demonstration Work. The car has been purchased and is now being used by the county agent in carrying instruction to the people who need it most.

As soon as Macon farmers realized that the Farm Demonstration Agent was simply a community hired man, working for all the people, they took this occasion to help bear some of the expenses incurred. Agricultural Extension Service is only in its infancy, however it will not be many years before there will be one of these hired men in every agricultural county in the South. and when that time comes, the work of these men will be even more efficient, beneficial and far-reaching

than is now true. The above mentioned act represents the real community spirit and is indicative of a natural growth from within. We thank you.

Macon County Agricultural
Extension Service.
Per T. M. Campbell.

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE MARKETS SWEET POTATOES IN NEW YORK

Director George R. Bridgeforth of the Tuskegee Institute Agricultural Department has received the letter following from one of his regular customers in New York City. Incidentally it should be remarked that the Director and customer were brought together through The Negro Farmer's advertising department:

New York City, N. Y.,
119 W. 135th St.,
April 20, 1916.

Mr. Bridgeforth,
Tuskegee, Alabama.

Dear Sir:

Canned sweet potatoes are poor sellers here. Inclosed will find $7.50. Please send five (5) cases (ten dozen cans) of the sweet potatoes for trial. The sample that you sent has not arrived as yet.

Have you any canned peas, corn, tomatoes, peaches or molasses, or any ham or bacon for sale? I can sell anything that is eatable.

In quoting prices please remember that competition is greater here than in any other part of the country which causes all things to be sold here as cheap as any other place plus transportation. I would like to make a contract for 1,000 barrels 145 pounds each, for next winter. I want the Southern Queen and the Nancy Hall varieties. I think these varieties are the sweetest. Please send this lot via Old Dominion.

I remain,

Yours respectfully,
R. W. Willis.

P. S.—Will you have any white potatoes for sale?

DOES EDUCATION FOR THE FARMER PAY?

The place of high school education in the farming business is discussed by O. R. Johnson of the Missouri College of Agriculture in Experiment Station Circular 77—The Value of Education to the Farmer.

In making the comparison of farmers with rural school education and those who went farther than rural school, Mr. Johnson used data secured in a farm management survey, conducted by the College of Agriculture in the western part of Johnson County. The training secured by the second group in addition to their school education amounted on the average to practically two years in the high schools.

"The better-educated farmers keep about one and one-sixth times as much stock as the others, as is shown by the number of acres of crops grown for each animal unit kept," says Mr. Johnson. "The man with more school training also handles more crops with each workman he employs. Each workman on farms of the first group of farms handles 53.5 acres of crops, while a workman in the second group of farms handles 61.2 acres. In other words, the better-educated man is doing about one and one-fifth times as much as the man with less school training.

"There are several points which the data bring out. The one of greatest interest, perhaps, is that the better educated farmer is making an income 71.4 per cent greater than the man with less education. After the labor income of the man with less school training is adjusted to allow for difference in size of business, the man with more education still has about 40 per cent greater income than the man of the first group. The other factors indicate strongly that the better educated man has his business better organized. The fact that he gets slightly better yields and has a system which furnishes him more productive labor, and that he keeps more live-stock, seem to show that he has somewhat greater ability in the organization and handling of his business. Because of this fact, it is found that he makes enough larger labor income to pay interest on approximately $5,500 capital, and allowing for the difference in size of business he still makes enough larger income to pay interest on $3,700.

"Other studies have shown that with this size of farm each acre that the farm is increased will add approximately $2 to the labor income, but that the investment per acre on the two farms is not enough different to make any difference in the income in favor of the better educated man. Also, the difference in crop yields is not great enough to change the labor income materially. With these facts considered, it would appear as though the man who has received more mental training has increased his efficiency thereby to the extent of making interest on a capital of at least $3,700. This does not seem to be a bad investment for the small amount of time he spends in getting the additional training and the probable expense of obtaining this training. While other factors may have played some part in his greater earning capacity, yet from a careful study of the organization of his business, it appears that education must have played a very large part in his greater earning ability."

KEEPING BOYS AND GIRLS ON THE FARM

In the design and construction of the farmhouse, the question of utility alone should not be the determining factor. The first thought should be the making of a home. The amount of money to be invested in the building of the home should not be determined by its relation in size to the balance of the plant, nor by the amount that is necessary merely to provide a shelter, but the amount to be invested should be that which the owner may reasonably afford without financially crippling himself too severely. The average city dweller in buying a house for a home does not proceed solely on the basis of what he can expect to secure in case it is ever desirable to place the house on the market. He is not likely to consider the purchase of a home as a financial investment, but as a social one, which will enable him to secure for his family the comforts and conveniences that he could not secure in a rented house, and to have for his family a genuine home, a genuine home life. If he is able when the time arrives to dispose of his property to financial advantage, well and good; if not, he considers, and properly so, that he has made a good investment from the social side.

There is no panacea that will cure the yearning for city life evidenced by the country boys and girls of today, but there are certain conditions which if established will add materially to the attractiveness of life in the country, and should therefore prevent them from flocking to the cities merely to avoid life on the farm. It is not to be expected that every person reared on a farm will desire to follow farming as a life work, nor is it necessarily desirable that they

should do so. Many of the boys will feel a calling to one or another of the professions, and it is probable that if allowed to follow their bent, they will be far more successful and contented than if overpersuaded to stay with the farm. The problem is not to force the boy or girl to remain on the farm, but to assist them in every way in making an intelligent choice. Their choice cannot possibly be intelligent unless they are familiar with farm life under its best conditions. — E. B. McCormick, Chief, Division of Rural Engineering, Office of Public Roads and Rural Engineering, Yearbook, 1915, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

GRAIN FOR HOGS ON PASTURE

While the cost of producing pork may be reduced by the use of green feed, it is desirable to feed grain in addition. There is no time that grain can be so profitably fed to a hog as when he is young and running on pasture. Under such conditions, it is possible to secure 15 pounds of gain for each bushel of grain fed. During the spring, summer, and early fall months from one-half to three-fourths of a full feed of grain will be sufficient for hogs running on pasture.

PLANT CORN ACROSS THE SLOPE

On sloping corn land try planting and cultivating across the slope where possible in order to reduce soil-washing. When corn is drilled with the slope furrows are made which are sure to increase washing. While checked corn is usually preferred by the best farmers on land that is not subject to washing,

WANTED!

Colored men with selling ability as Life Insurance Solicitors, Deputy Organizers and Supervisors in Alabama, Georgia and Florida to push a financially sound ten-year Life, Health, Accident and Old-age fraternal insurance. One policy covers all. Liberal contracts and virgin territory awaiting men who can produce results. Address with stamp

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Roanoke, Alabama

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Baldwin Farms is located nine miles from the Tuskegee Institute, on the main line of the Western Railway of Alabama. It is a splendid agricultural community, and possesses the following

Advantages to Purchasers

1. It is on the railroad. (2) The surroundings are healthful. (3) The settlers are intelligent, law-abiding and progressive. (4) Purchasers are given ten years in which to pay for their homes. (5) The community is near the famous Tuskegee Institute.

The following persons may purchase land and homes at Baldwin Farms:
A. Graduates of Tuskegee Institute Agricultural Department. B. Persons who have been influenced by the Tuskegee Institute Farmers' Conference, Short Course in Agriculture, or other agencies

For further information write to Clinton J. Calloway, Manager, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama; or
A. A. Chandler, Baldwin Farms, Route 1, Milstead, Alabama.

Attention Everybody

There was *never* a Better assorted or larger Stock of Dry Goods, ladies' and children's wear things, and ladies' and children's shoes gotten together under one roof in Tuskegee than we now have. Our prices are reasonable. Courteous attention shown all. Shop with us.

BRASWELL--FORT--WORRELL Co.
111 Court Square
Tuskegee, Alabama

He Notices Your Complexion First

A woman's beauty is decided by her complexion You should be particular—Very Particular about the face powder you use.

Remember that the white face powders are made for white skins. The velvety soft matchless brown skin demands a superior Brown Skin Powder.

Thousands of beautiful Colored American Women who know and demand the best face powder are using

Brazilite Brown Skin Complexion Powder

A genuine Beautifier-Refreshing-Refining causes the muddy complexion to blossom into one of matchless brown skin beauty.

.....

Tear this Coupon Out Now

With it send 25 cents and receive a 50 cent box of Brazilite Brown Skin Complexion Powder. This offer will be closed after June 1st.

Your Name..... .....

St. No.....*City or Town*.....*State*.....

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it is usually more important on rolling land to cultivate in one direction only, and that around the slope. The greatest damage is done on steep slopes because the faster the flow of water the greater the amount of soil it will carry away. If you double the rate of flow of water, it will more than double the amount of soil removed.

A more perfect application of the principle of planting across the slope is found in contour farming, which is more fully explained in Circular 78 entitled The Control of Soil Washing, recently issued by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station at Columbia.—M. F. Miller, Missouri College of Agriculture.

NEGRO BOYS' CLUBS

During the year 1915 a department of Negro Boys' Farm Clubs was added in North Carolina, with John D. Wray as agent. This work is to be done in co-operation with the Agricultural and Technical College at Greensboro and the Office of Boys' Agricultural Clubs at West Raleigh. The agent is to devote himself to the organization of clubs among the Negro boys between the ages of 10 and 18 years, and to the supervision of the same. His headquarters are to be at the Agricultural and Technical College, Greensboro. For the first year he will urge his members to confine their efforts to corn growing. —The Farming Business.

PLAN THE HOUSE CLEANING

House cleaning time is at hand, the dread and bugbear of so many women, and a horror of horrors to their husbands and sons. A merchant doesn't close his place of business because he is stock-taking, but manages that both go on together smoothly and harmoniously. House cleaning after all is just home stock-taking, not only of the amount of dirt in stock, but of the whole household equipment, and requires much thought that it may be planned with the care and precision given to any business job.

No wonder the family dreads this time of upheaval, if everything is uprooted at once and the whole scheme of living is thrown out of gear. Yet this is precisely what is happening in many homes producing general discomfort, consequent bad temper and a poor, frazzled housewife—for what? Is the house any cleaner than the one across the way where this cleaning work has gone on quietly but efficiently, where everything was planned weeks ago? From attic to cellar the preparation work has preceded. Trunks and cupboards emptied, their contents aired, listed and replaced; walls cleaned or repapered; breadths in carpets changed or repaired; paint removed; cushions recovered; fresh curtains made waiting to grace shining window panes; shades repaired and roller springs attended to. Tools, cloths, cleaning materials all at hand and a generous supply of cooked food in the larder. The work goes smoothly and without a hitch and each day a certain programme is carried out and finished in time for rest and a bath before the evening meal.—Farm and Family.

GROW TASTY THINGS

Does your garden furnish the bit of garlic that makes all the difference in the flavor of that salad or gives that peculiar relish to the roast lamb which graces your dinner table?

Does the fresh and pungent horse radish so good in sauce, pickle, etc., occupy a convenient corner in your garden?

Where do you get crisp, green parsley so necessary for seasoning and useful for decoration?

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QUININE POMADE
Made Her Hair Grow.
Margie Berry wrote us that she was unable to comb her short, nappy
KINKY HAIR

But a few boxes of Exelento Quinine Pomade made her hair 19 inches long, and so soft and silky that she can fix it most any way she wants to.
Don't be fooled all your life by using some fake preparation which claims to straighten kinky hair. Kinky hair cannot be made straight; you are just fooling yourself by using it. You have to have hair before it can be straightened. Now this
Exelento Quinine Pomade
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"If you believe in efficiency and want service, trade with us and you will not be disappointed."
OUR BIG NEW SUNDRY STOCK OFFERS TO YOU IN A GREAT VARIETY SUCH HOLIDAY GIFTS AS:
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Do you buy green peppers in town when they might just as easily come from your own garden plot?

When mint is needed for sauce, ices or cooling drinks, can you cut it fresh and fragrant from a bed of your own growing?

—Farm and Family.

EARLY HATCHING BEST

H. L. Kempster, Missouri College of Agriculture

There is practically every thing to be gained and nothing to be lost by setting hen as soon as possible now. The chickens will thrive much better during the cooler weather and the hens should be spared from sitting during the warmer weather. The first young chickens marketed always bring the best prices and the early hatched pullets will mature early enough to lay next fall which is not true of the later ones. Winter eggs depend partly on early hatching.

Select a healthy hen and try her for a day or two on the nest before risking valuable eggs under her. An odd number of eggs usually eleven, thirteen or fifteen should be used, particularly in cool weather as they lie in a more nearly perfect circle.

As soon as the hen becomes broody make a nest for her in a separate hatching room or a place where the other hens will not have a chance to disturb her. The nest should be sixteen or eighteen inches square and at least eight inches deep, depending somewhat upon the size of the hen, but it must be roomy. In nature it would be plated on the ground and if this is not possible in the poultry house a large sod should be placed in the bottom of the nest and then covered with straw to help keep the eggs from drying out too rapidly.

Either allow the hen to leave the nest for food and water whenever she wishes or remove her once a day for that purpose.

Lice should be controlled by dusting the hen with insect powder at the beginning and again ten days later. It is a good plan to rub a bit of blue ointment about the size of a pea into the skin beneath the vent and to rub a little more into the feathers on the under side of the wing at hatching time. This is partly rubbed off on the chickens and helps keep the lice away.

Remove the chickens as rapidly as hatched and later return them all together to the hen for brooding, but be careful that they are not chilled while away from the mother.

THE FARM INVENTORY

The best business farmers like business men in other lines take inventories regularly. Spring or late winter is the best time for taking the farm inventory as there is usually less feed on hand.

The inventory is the first step in any good system of farm accounts and will give more information in proportion to the time spent on it than any other record. The cash balance alone is a poor indication of the success of the year's business, but when the inventory is added it is possible to tell a great deal about the success of the year's operations.

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Latest size 16x20 Dr. Washington; Charge of The Colored Troops, and three others. Family Records, Mottoes: 1 for 25 cents, 16 for $1.50. Dr. Washington on Post Cards and other Negro Cards. Easter, Birthday, proppriate verses, 100 for 60 cents. 15 samples 10 cents. All goods Postpaid. Hot sellers for agents.

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Sweet Potatoes For Sale

The Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute will sell a limited quantity of Sweet Potatoes between now and March 1st. at 75cts. per bushel.

Beginning March 1st. we will furnish the public early potato slips of the Triumph, Porto Rican Yam, and Bunch Yam varieties for early potatoes.

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Liquid Glass

Preserves eggs at a cost of half a cent a dozen. No bother. No mess. No spoilage. Egg really stay fresh. Beats cold storage. Eggs retain flavor and quality.

Men and Women Agents wanted. Write for terms.

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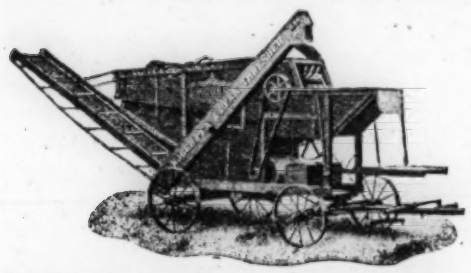

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Surely you want to know all about this ONE machine that takes the place of several different machines. Then write now for booklet 101

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Boys on the farm should help in making the farm inventory every year as it establishes a good habit and makes them watch the financial side more carefully and offers one of the very best possible lessons in practical arithmetic. — R. M. Green, Missouri College of Agriculture.

CODLING MOTH CONTROL

Begin to apply the first spray when eighty to ninety per cent of the petals have fallen, or begin in time to complete the first spray before the calyx lobes have closed. Two hundred pound pressure, if possible, should be used to drive the spray into the calyx cup. It may be necessary to spray at different times for different varieties. Use two pounds of paste, or one pound powdered arsenate of lead, to fifty gallons of water.

The second spray should be applied about three weeks after the first. Look for codling moth eggs at this time and spray when you find the first eggs. It may be necessary to spray again in two or three weeks if the apples are not thoroughly coated with spray material or if the orchard is a seriously infested one. This will depend upon the infestation.

To determine the time for the regular third spraying, band the trees about the middle of June and spray twenty days after the first larvae come down under the bands. The third spraying should usually be applied about the middle of July in Southern Idaho and the first of August in Northern Idaho.

The number of applications will depend on the infestation the previous year, the variety of fruit, the infestation in neighboring orchards, effectiveness of early sprays, the amount of rainfall, and other seasonable conditions. However, the early calyx spray is the most important and if this and the other early brood sprays are neglected or improperly applied when the worms are bad, no amount of spraying late in the season will save the crop.—W. C. Edmundson.

SPRING SELECTION AND TREATMENT OF SEED POTATOES

Select seed tubers which are true to type and which have the size and shape desired.

Select seed tubers which are free from rots.

Select seed tubers which are as free from scab and rhizocotonia as possible.

Treat the tubers one and one-half hours in the corrosive sublimate dip or in the formalin dip.

When cutting seed tubers discard all which show discolorations in the stem ends.

Put the treated tubers in clean or treated sacks and keep them away from tubers which have not been treated.

Plant in land which has not had potatoes recently.

The corrosive sublimate dip is made by dissolving 4 ounces of corrosive sublimate in 30 gallons of water. (Do not mix in metal container.) This solution is very poisonous. Any treated tubers which are not planted should be burned or buried. Use new solution after fourth dipping. Owing to the recent advance in the price of commercial corrosive sublimate this treatment is quite expensive.

The formalin dip is made by mixing one pint of commercial formaldehyde in 25 gallons of water.

Both dips mentioned above are effective for common scab, but the corrosive sublimate dip is more effective for rhizoctonia.

Write to the Agricultural Experiment Station at Moscow, Idaho, for Bulletin No. 79 on Potato Culture and Potato Diseases.

SPECIAL BARGAIN IN RAZORS

Genuine Wade & Butcher, made in Sheffield, England. $3 class, special sale, 50 cents each, $5.50 per dozen prepaid. Genuine Princess Razors, while they last, 35 cents each: dozen $3.80 prepaid.

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A new race history, soon to be placed on the market at $1.50; the publishers Austin-Jenkins Co., Washington, D. C., Warder Building, are now placing agents, anyone wanting the agency may secure a fine prospectus free for 15 cents in postage.

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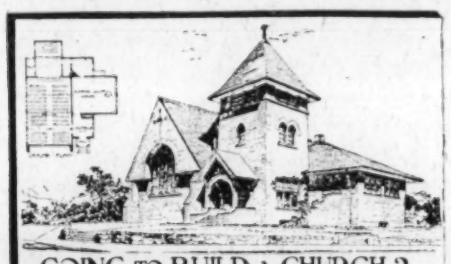

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The latest facts of Negro Progress along all lines?

About the latest phases of the Race Question in all parts of the world?

What is the most recent legislation affecting the Negro?

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The number of days of schooling per year for every Negro child if each one got his share?

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All the above facts and much other new information are given in

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For 1914 and 1915

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Because of the fact that the European War has struck the Cotton-growing States such a stunning blow, all newspapers, farm papers and all who wish the South well are advising Southern farmers to grow less cotton and more food. As a result, the following dealers, if they are far-sighted, will reap a harvest from the War — DEALERS IN Garden Seed, Hogs, Chickens, Ducks, Geese, Guineas, Cows, Hares, Orchard Plants, Sheep, Eggs, Mail-Order Goods that are Cheap in Price

THE NEGRO FARMER reaches that class of farmers who are interested in the articles above

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It is a standard, high grade Farm Journal, written in the simplest language.

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It is a source of help in the home, garden, laundry, kitchen and on the poultry yard.

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It is always full of supplementary matter especially suitable for the class room. Several teachers in the Tuskegee Institute use the papers regularly in their classes.

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Its stories of how colored men and women are succeeding are said by many teachers to be the best of their kind to be found anywhere.

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The Negro Farmer is a necessity. Its "Farmers' Dictionary" explains all public questions, fully, carefully and in an interesting manner.

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The Negro Farmer is a splendid investment if it is put into the hands of colored tenants and laborers.